

BEYOND PHASE II

*An in depth look at
Automatic Collision Notification
and Telematics*



APCO-NENA Wireless Forum



First We Need LOCATION

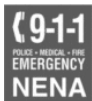
- Finding the caller was our first concern
- *Getting help to the caller is the goal!!!*
- What else can help us respond faster and more efficiently?
 - *Knowing if there are serious injuries?*
 - *Knowing if the vehicle rolled over?*
 - *Knowing if someone was ejected?*
 - *Is the vehicle on fire?*



9-1-1 depends upon location

- Master Street Address Guides provide landline caller location, NOW
- Wireless 9-1-1 calls do not provide location
 - And many callers cannot provide a dispatchable location

Wireless E9-1-1 will provide location data with the call, greatly improving the ability to respond.



Two Technologies Give Us Location

- Wireless E 9-1-1
 - Determined by GPS
 - Or, Determined by the Network
 - Fully deployed by 2005
 - Must upgrade PSAP to handle lat/lon coordinate location
- Telematics
 - Determined by GPS
 - Available today on almost 3 million cars
 - PSAP provided both lat/lon coordinates and physical street location
 - No upgrades needed

How are wireless E911 and Telematics Alike

- They both use wireless technology for communications
- They both use Global Positioning System locations
- They provide audio connection to the car

How do they differ?

- Telematics provides:
 - Vehicle embedded phone or Bluetooth phone console
 - 3 watt power cellular
 - Owner database
 - Vehicle Description
 - Medical references
 - Airbag or seatbelt tensioner deployment, ignition state
 - Vehicle diagnostics, fire
- Wireless E9-1-1 provides:
 - Handheld cell phone
 - 0.6 watt power cellular
 - No owner data
 - No vehicle data
 - No medical references
 - No other data relating to the incident



Other Differences

- Telematics is:
 - A maturing technology
 - Uses highly reliable vehicle electronics
 - Is becoming a standard product in new vehicles
 - Embedded in the car and linked to its systems
- Wireless E9-1-1 is:
 - A new set of technologies
 - Based upon handheld miniature electronics
 - Will become a widely dispersed product
 - Usually loose in the car and can be difficult to find after a collision

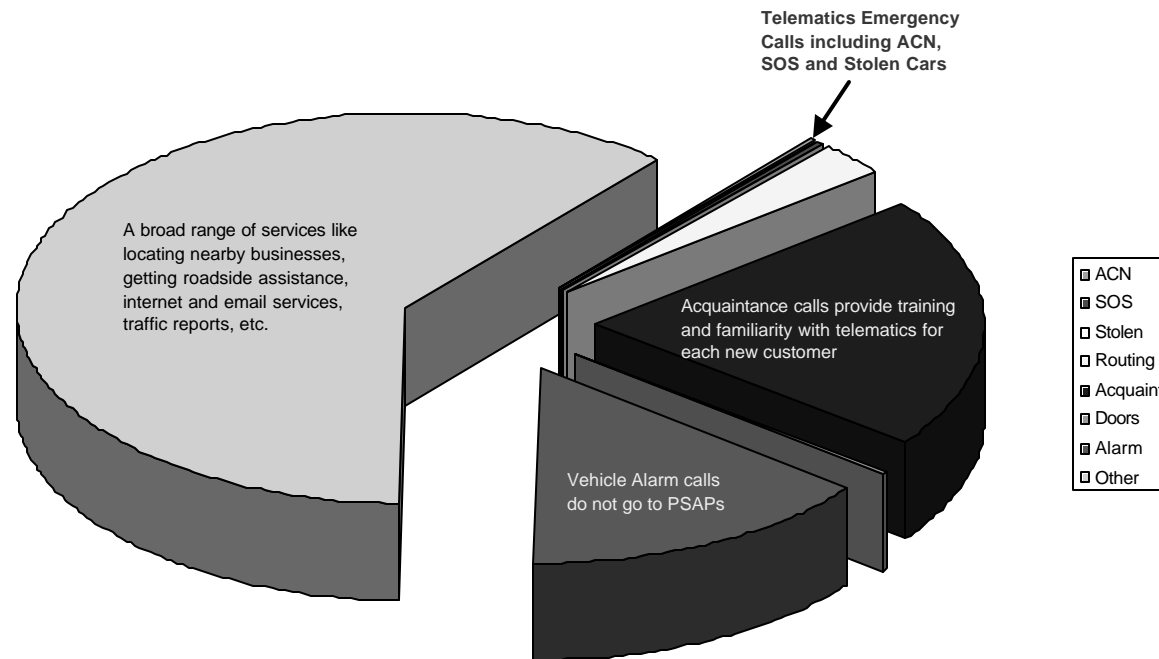
Why are the differences important?

- To help realize how important telematics is to us today
- To make better use of telematics call data today and in the future
- To form a perspective on how the two technologies will compare in the future
- To appreciate data that can be provided to medical personnel by telematics



Less than 1% of Telematics calls are Emergency Calls

Telematics Calls - 2001



Other Telematics Features

- Owner's personal website to update records
- Diagnostic monitoring in car, tire pressure, brake conditions, oil pressure and temperature, etc.
- Diagnostic alerts may avoid accident if owner gets problem repaired in timely manner
- Vehicle voice portal acoustically modeled to accommodate high noise environment of moving vehicle

What about ACN?

- Automatic Collision Notification provides nearly instant notification of serious accidents...
 - PSAPs will be alerted even if the occupants are not capable of notifying them
 - Incident location will always be provided
 - Vehicle data may help responders select equipment they will need to the incident site
 - Third party notification of incident (family)



Today's ACN

- Telematics provides ACN today, alerted by airbag or seatbelt tensioner deployment
- Telematics Service Providers know the velocity of the vehicle at the time of deployment...an indicator of injury severity
- Telematics Service Providers can provide you an audio link to talk to the occupants, if they are able to do so



Tomorrow's ACN

- Sophisticated Data from the car...
 - Delta Velocity of the crash
 - Principal direction of force
 - Rollover and final resting position
 - Number occupants, seatbelt usage
 - Occupant weight, ejection alert
 - Updated urgency algorithm specifically for each vehicle



Who gets what (data)?

- PSAPs Need:
 - Location of incident
 - Nature of emergency
 - Audio contact with occupants, if possible
 - Callback Number
 - Telematics contact, incident number and callback number
- ACN Data to Medics
 - Will help medical response planning
 - Will assure proper assets are on-site
 - May determine mode of transport
 - Allow hospitals to get appropriate resources available upon arrival

Where will these technologies fail us?

- When we do not have cellular service...we do not have telematics nor Wireless E9-1-1!
- When the GPS antenna cannot “see the sky” it cannot effectively provide a location
 - *However, most GPS receivers capture the last “good, known location” and that can provide a reference point for responders.*

And, there's one more technology to consider...

- What about “handheld telematics”
 - To be offered by AAA Response and others, where their calls will be forwarded to their response center for telematics services, but
 - Will they dial “9-1-1” in emergencies??
 - System is not embedded or connected to vehicle
 - They may not provide other data with the call, but they will provide location, and callback number
 - They will not provide ACN services
 - No safety value if driver forgets to bring phone